

Adult Overweight and Obesity

ealthy eating and active living are important to achieving a healthy weight and overall health and wellbeing. The rise in overweight and obesity is mostly a result of social, environmental and technological changes over the last few decades.

These changes have led to environments which encourage excess energy intake and reduced energy expenditure. Even a small excess energy intake over time can lead to weight gain resulting in overweight and obesity.

Reducing overweight and obesity in NSW will lead to substantial population health benefit and improved quality of life through the prevention of chronic diseases, in particular diabetes, cardiovascular disease and some cancers. Overweight and obesity cost NSW \$19 billion in 2008, including financial costs and indirect costs due to lost wellbeing.

While still high, the trend in NSW has been stable since 2009. The 2015 Population Health Survey indicates that 52.3 per cent of adults were overweight or obese. Rates are higher in males, with 59 per cent of males being overweight or obese, compared with 45.8 per cent of females.

Because of the interaction of individual, societal and environmental factors, the problem cannot be solved by the health system alone.

Indicators



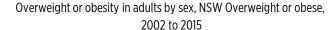
48.4% of adults in NSW consumed two or more serves of fruit each day.

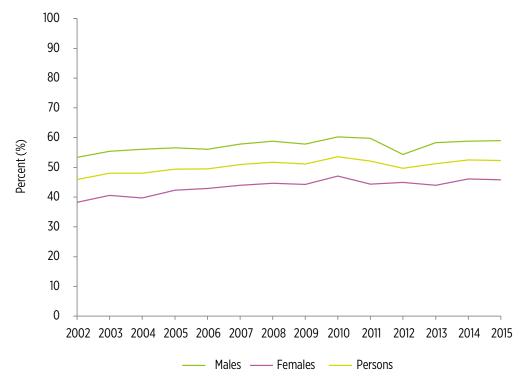


Only **5.8%** of adults reported consuming five or more serves of vegetables each day.



42.9% of NSW adults reported achieving the recommended levels of physical activity each week. More men (48.7%) than women (37.3%) reported adequate levels of physical activity.





The NSW Healthy Eating and Active Living Strategy 2013-2018 is the whole of government framework to support healthy choices in the places where people live, work and play.

Healthy Eating and Active Living Strategy:

Preventing overweight and obesity in New South Wales 2013-2018

The four directions of the NSW Healthy Eating and Active Living Strategy are to:

- 1. Create environments to support healthy eating and active living;
- 2. Deliver state-wide healthy eating and active living support programs;
- 3. Integrate healthy eating and active living advice as part of routine service delivery; and
- 4. Provide education and information to enable informed, healthy choices.

The NSW Government will implement a range of actions under each of the strategic directions, including key programs aimed at adults.

Making healthy normal in NSW

A new social marketing campaign, **Make Healthy Normal**, was launched in June 2015 to encourage people to reassess their lifestyle choices in a bid to address the growing obesity problem in NSW.

The campaign works on the premise that 'small steps make a big difference'. By making small lifestyle changes and gradually increasing the number of healthy choices we make every day, we will be healthier, increase our quality of life and reduce our risk of chronic disease.

The key messages for the campaign are:

- Choose smaller portions and less kilojoules
- Eat more fruit and vegetables
- Make water your drink
- Be active every day
- Sit less and move more.

Information to help people make healthier choices is available on the Make Healthy Normal website (www.makehealthynormal.nsw.gov.au), including video exercise sessions, healthy recipes and a 10 week health challenge. There's also a mobile game for iOS and Android where players ride a virtual bicycle to navigate a number of game levels based on typical food, drink and activity choices throughout the day.

Join the conversation #MakeHealthyNormal or facebook.com/makehealthynormal





EAT MORE FRUIT AND VEG



BE ACTIVE EVERY DAY



MAKE WATER YOUR DRINK



SIT LESS AND MOVE MORE

SMALL STEPS CAN MAKE A BIG DIFFERENCE.

Key program elements and status

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION **CURRENT STATUS ACHIEVEMENTS** A telephone-based service supporting NSW adults Between February 2009 to June Those who complete the six month make sustained improvements in healthy eating, 2016, approximately 40,000 people program on average lose: physical activity and achieving or maintaining a have participated in the Get Healthy • 3.8 kg in weight healthy weight. Service. New enhancements to the • 5.1 cm off waist circumference Service include an Alcohol Reduction Participants receive a free six month coaching Program and the lowering of the • Half lost between 2.5% - 10% of program which involves 10 sessions with university enrolment age to 16 years and over. their original body weight. qualified health coaches. The coaching is designed The GHS is being used by those who • Participants also make significant to assist with goal setting, maintaining motivation, overcoming barriers and making sustainable are most at need including those: improvements to physical activity get healthy lifestyle changes. Participants are recruited to the and healthy eating behaviours • In the lowest quintiles of Service via mass media, direct mail campaigns or and maintain improvements for a advantage through health professional and GP referrals. further six months. · In regional and remote locations The Get Healthy Service is now available to The proportion of Aboriginal • Who have a high risk of chronic participants who are 16 years of age and over. participants registering their disease interest has increased from www.gethealthynsw.com.au 2.3% in 2009 to 7% in 2015. On average, Aboriginal participants lose 4 kg and 7cm off their waist circumference. A free workplace-based and online service for The Get Healthy at Work program Since Get Healthy at Work launched: workers and businesses in NSW that aims to was launched in June 2014 and • Over 1500 businesses have improve the health of working adults by addressing is available to all workplaces, registered healthy eating, physical activity, active travel and regardless of size or industry. Over 3100 worksites employing weight (in addition to smoking and harmful alcohol Businesses can access the full suite over 375,000 workers are eligible consumption). of Get Healthy at Work resources get healthy to participate Get Healthy at Work is available online and/or with and support by registering online at • Over 18.900 Brief Health Checks the support of a service provider. The program www.gethealthyatwork.com.au have been conducted offers a Brief Health Check for individual workers and a Workplace Health Program for businesses to support their workers to reduce lifestyle-related risk factors for chronic disease. A community based healthy lifestyle and weight In 2015, more than 1200 people from Results from the 2015 challenge loss program for Aboriginal people which brings 38 teams took part in the Knockout showed: culture and communities together to improve Health Challenge and approximately • The average percentage weight loss health and wellbeing. It is a team weight loss 800 people took part in the George in 2015 was 2.8% competition that is linked to the NSW Aboriginal Rose Challenge in 2016. • The average body weight loss was Rugby League Knockout. The program supports CULTURE approximately 2.9% Aboriginal communities to work together to support achievement of healthy weight. COMMUNITIES Make Healthy Normal is NSW Health's new social Make Healthy Normal was launched in Between June 2015 and May 2016, marketing campaign that seeks to motivate people June 2015. there were: to reassess their lifestyle choices and create a new, The second phase of advertising • 289,282 visits to the MHN website, healthy normal. commenced in November 2015 and • 95841 likes, comments and shares MAKE The campaign acts as a catalyst for personal will be in market until October 2016. on Facebook posts, and behaviour change and drives people to existing HEALTHY An evaluation is underway to measure 5583 registrations to the MHN HEAL programs that support sustained lifestyle campaign relevance, changes in Challenge NORMAL changes such as the Get Healthy Service. awareness and healthy behaviours as • 8570 Make Health Normal game The campaign runs across television, print, out of a result of the campaign. app downloads

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activities.

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NSW Ministry of Health, Snapshot Adul Overweight and Obesity, July 2016.

home and digital channels and is supported by a website, social media and community engagement

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